# TENRYU (THAILAND) CO., LTD.

# Safety Data Sheet

# **Propylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether (PM)**

Code: 05-005-0 Prepared By: TENRYU (THAILAND) Validation Date: 04-Jan-2021

### 1. Identification of the substance or mixture and of the supplier

Trade Name : Propylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether, PM

Material Uses : Solvent for printing inks, paints and resin.

Supplier : TENRYU (THAILAND) Co., Ltd.

149/44 Moo 7, Bang Chalong Subdistrict, Bang Phli District,

Samut Prakan Province 10540

Tel: +66 2-0058388 Mobile: +66 64-789-1461

Fax: +66 2-0058389

Emergency Contact : +66 64-789-1461

#### 2. Hazards Identification

GHS Classification : Flammable liquids : Category 3

Specific target organ systemic toxicity - single exposure : Category 3

(Central nervous system)

Signal Word : Warning

Health Hazard Irritating to respiratory system. Harmful by inhalation, in contact with

skin and if swallowed.

Environmental Hazard : Not classified as dangerous under EU criteria.

GHS Pictogram



GHS Hazard Statements : H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

: H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

PM Page 2 of 8

#### **GHS Precautionary Statements**

Prevention	P210	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surface and Non-smoking.
	P233	Keep container tightly closed.
	P240	Ground/Bond container and receiving equipment.
	P241	Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.
	P242	Use only non-sparking tools.
	P243	Take precautionary measure against static discharge.
	H261	Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
	H271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilate area.
	P280	Wear protective glove/eye protection/face protection.
Response	If on skin	
	P303+P361 +P353	Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
	P370+P378	In case of fire: Use manufacturer/supplier or the competent authority to specify appropriate media for extinction.
Storage	P403	Store in a well-ventilated place.
	P235	Keep cool.
Disposal	P501	Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations. Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or national requirements and must be complied with.

## **Precautionary Pictograms**













# 3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Chemical Name : 1-Methoxy-2-propanol

Common Name : Propylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether; PM

Synonyms Name : 1-methoxypropan-2-ol

CAS No. : 107-98-2

UN No. : 3092

Molecular Weight : 90.12

Chemical Formula : C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>10</sub>O<sub>2</sub>

149/44 Moo 7, Bang Chalong Subdistrict, Bang Phli District, Samut Prakan Province 10540

PM Page 3 of 8

#### 4. First-Aid Measures

Inhalation : Remove to fresh air. If the victim has difficulty breathing or tightness of

the chest, give 100% oxygen with rescue breathing or CPR as required

and transport to the nearest medical facility.

Skin Contact : Remove contaminated clothing. Immediately flush skin with large

amounts of water for at least 15 minutes, and follow by washing with

soap and water if available.

Eye Contact : Immediately flush eyes with large amounts of water for at least 15

minutes while holding eyelids open. Transport to the nearest medical

facility for additional treatment.

Ingestion : Do not induce vomiting and transport to nearest medical facility for

additional treatment.

#### 5. Fire-Fighting Measures

Suitable extinguishing media : Dry chemical powder, Alcohol-resistant foam and Carbon dioxide.

Specific hazard arising from

the chemical

May produce toxic fumes of carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide if

burning.

Special protective action for

fire-fighters

Keep adjacent containers cool by spraying with water.

Protective Equipment : Wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus.

#### 6. Accidental Release Measures

Protective Measures : • Observe all relevant local and international regulations.

 Avoid contact with spilled or released material. Immediately remove all contaminated clothing. For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see chapter 8 this Material Safety Data Sheet.
 Shut off leaks, if possible without personal risks. Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.

• Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Ensure electrical continuity by bonding and grounding (earthing) all equipment.

#### Clean-Up Methods

Small spillage (< 200 LT)</li> Transfer by mechanical means to a labeled, sealable container for product recovery or safe disposal. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove contaminated soil and dispose of safely.

Large spillage(> 200 LT)

Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank for recovery or safe disposal. Do not flush away residues with water.

149/44 Moo 7, Bang Chalong Subdistrict, Bang Phli District, Samut Prakan Province 10540

PM Page 4 of 8

Retain as contaminated waste. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove

contaminated soil and dispose of safely.

Other Information : Notify authorities if any exposure to the general public or the

environment occurs or is likely to occur. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash

back.

#### 7. Handling And Storage

Handling : Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Do not breathe vapours.

Extinguish any naked flame. Remove ignition sources. Avoid sparks. Do not smoke. The vapour is heavier than air spreads along the ground and distant ignition is possible. Ensure electrical continuity by bonding and grounding (earthing) all equipment. Do not use compressed air for filling, discharging, or handling operations. Handle and open container

with care in well-ventilated area. Do not empty into drains.

Storage : Must be stored in a diked (bunded) well-ventilated area, away from

sunlight, ignition sources and other sources of heat. Bulk storage tanks should be diked (bunded). Keep away from aerosols, flammables, oxidizing agents, corrosives. Storage Temperature: Ambient.

Product Transfer : Keep containers closed when not in use. Do not use compressed air for

filling, discharging, or handling operations. If positive displacement pumps are used, these must be fitted with a non-integral pressure relief valve. Ensure electrical continuity by bonding and grounding (earthing)

all equipment.

Recommended Materials : For containers, or container linings use mild steel, stainless steel.

Additional Advice : Containers even those that have been emptied, can contain explosive

vapours. Do not cut, drill, grind, weld or perform similar operations on

or near containers.

#### 8. Exposure Controls and Personal Protection

Exposure Standard : Occupational Exposure Limits

• TLV-TWA = 100 ppm ( $369 \text{ mg/m}^3$ )

**Engineering Controls** 

Workplace

: Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapours below their respective threshold

limit value.

Respiratory Protection : Vapor respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or

equivalent. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate.

Hand Protection : Butyl rubber gloves, Nature rubber gloves, Neoprene rubber gloves,

Nitrile rubber gloves.

Eye Protection : Chemical splash goggles (chemical monogoggles).

PM Page 5 of 8

Other Protection : Use protective clothing which is chemical resistant to this material. Safety shoes and boots should also be chemical resistant.

#### 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance : Clear liquid

Odour : Ether-like

pH Value : No data available

Boiling Point (°C) : 120 °C

Melting Point (°C) : - 97 °C

Flash Point : 31 °C

Evaporating Rate : No data available

Lower/Upper Flammability limits : 3 - 12%V

Vapour Pressure (mbar) : 14.7 mbar @ 25 °C

Specific Gravity : 0.917 - 0.932 @ 20 °C (ASTM D4052)

Density (g/cm³) : 0.915 - 0.930 @ 20 °C (ASTM D4052)

Vapour Density : 3.1 (air = 1)

Solubility in Water : Soluble in water

Auto Ignition Temperature : 277 °C

#### 10. Stability and Reactivity

Chemical Reactivity : Forms peroxides of unknown stability.

Stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Hazardous Polymerisation : No.

Conditions to Avoid : Heat, flame, spark and other ignition sources.

Materials to Avoid : Oxidizing agents.

Hazardous Decomposition

**Products** 

Thermal decomposition is highly dependent on conditions. Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and other organic compounds will be evolved when this material undergoes combustion or thermal or

oxidative degradation. May form explosive peroxides.

PM Page 6 of 8

#### 11. Toxicological Information

**Acute Toxicity** 

 $\begin{array}{lll} \bullet \ LD_{50} \ Acute \ oral \ toxicity & : & 6,040 \ mg/kg \ , \ (rat) \\ \bullet \ LD_{50} \ Acute \ dermal \ toxicity & : & 12,900 \ mg/kg \ , \ (rat) \\ \bullet \ LC_{50} \ Acute \ inhalation \ toxicity & : & 7,000 \ ppm/7 \ hours \ , \ (rat) \\ \end{array}$ 

Skin Irritation : Irritating to skin. Prolonged/repeated contact may cause

permeated of the skin which can lead to dermatitis.

Eye Irritation : Irritating to eyes. Inflammation of the eye is characterized by

redness, pain and itching.

Respiratory Irritation : Inhalation of vapours or mists may cause irritation to the

respiratory system.

Carcinogenicity : No data available.

#### 12. Ecological Information

**Acute Toxicity** 

• Fish (Daphnia) : Low toxicity : LC<sub>50</sub> 25,900 mg/l/48 hours

Mobility : If product enters soil, it will highly mobile and may contaminate

groundwater.

Persistence / Degradability : Readily biodegradable.

Bio-accumulation : Not expected to bioaccumulate significantly.

#### 13. Disposal Considerations

Material Disposal : Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the waste

generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classifications and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations.

Container Disposal : Drain container thoroughly. After draining, vent in a safe place

away from sparks and fire. Refer to Section 7 before handling the product or containers. Residues may cause an explosion hazard. Do not puncture, cut or weld uncleaned drums. Send to drum

recovered or metal reclaimed.

Local Legislation : Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional,

national, and local laws and regulations. Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or national requirements and must

be complied with.

PM Page 7 of 8

### 14. Transport Information

Road/Rail Transport ADR/RID

• UN. Number : 3092

• Class/Item : 3

• Hazard Symbol : Flammable Liquid

Proper Shipping Name : 1-Methoxy-2-Propanol

• Packing Group : III

Maritime Transport IMO

• UN. Number : 3092

Class : 3Packing Group : III

• Hazard Symbol : Flammable Liquid

Proper Shipping Name : 1-Methoxy-2-Propanol

Marine Pollutant : No

Air Transport IATA/ICAO

• UN. Number : 3092

Class : 3Packing Group : III

Hazard Symbol : Flammable Liquid

Proper Shipping Name : 1-Methoxy-2-Propanol

#### 15. Regulatory Information

EC Label Name : PM (Propylene Glycol Monoethyl Ether)

EC Classification : Flammable Liquid

EINECS (EC) : 203-539-1

EC Annex I Number : 603-064-00-3

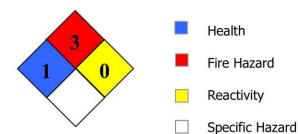
RETCS : UB7700000

149/44 Moo 7, Bang Chalong Subdistrict, Bang Phli District, Samut Prakan Province 10540

PAGE 8 of 8

#### 16. Other Information

National Fire Protection Association (USA)



**SDS** Distribution

The information in this document should be made available to all

who may handle the product.

Prepared By : TENRYU (THAILAND) Co., Ltd.

#### Disclaimer:

The information contained herein is based on our current knowledge of the underlying data and is intended to describe the product for the purpose of health, safety and environmental requirements only. No warranty of guarantee is expressed or implied regarding the accuracy of these data or the results to be obtained from the use of the product.

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