

WS-3040

Code : 07-001-0


Prepared By : TENRYU (THAILAND)

Validation Date : 04-Jan-2021

1. Identification of the substance or mixture and of the supplier

Trade Name	:	WS-3040, White Spirit 3040
Material Uses	:	Raw material for used in extraction, as cleaning agent and as degreasing agent. Solvent for resin, paint, thinner.
Supplier	:	TENRYU (THAILAND) Co., Ltd. 149/44 Moo 7, Bang Chalong Subdistrict, Bang Phli District, Samut Prakan Province 10540 Tel : +66 2-0058388 Mobile : +66 64-789-1461 Fax : +66 2-0058389
Emergency Contact	:	+66 64-789-1461

2. Hazards Identification

GHS Classification	:	Aspiration hazard Category 1 Specific Target Organ Toxicity after single exposure Category 3 Skin corrosion / irritation Category 2 - Cause skin irritation.
Signal Word	:	Danger
Health Hazard	:	Harmful may cause lung damage if swallowed. Irritating to skin. Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.
Environmental Hazard	:	Acute Hazards to Aquatic Environment, Category 2 Chronic Hazards to Aquatic Environment, Category 3
GHS Pictogram	:	
GHS Hazard Statements	:	H226 Flammable liquid and vapor. H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H315 Causes skin irritation. H320 Causes eyes irritation.

- : H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
- : H336 May cause drowsiness and dizziness.
- : H340 May cause genetic defects.
- : H350 May cause cancer.
- : H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (central nervous system)

GHS Precautionary Statements

Prevention	P210	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces.-No smoking.
	P243	Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
	P261	Avoid breathing fume/gas.
	P281	Personal protective equipment required.
Response	<u>If swallowed</u>	
	P301+P310	Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.
	P331	Do not induce vomiting.
	P308+P313	If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
Storage	P403+P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	P501	Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations. Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or national requirements and must be complied with.

Precautionary Pictograms



3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Chemical Name	: Naphtha (Petroleum) hydro sulfurized heavy
Common Name	: WS3040
Synonyms Name	: WS-200 (Solvent 3040)
CAS No.	: 64742-82-1
UN No.	: 1300
Composition	: Hydrocarbon mixed of aromatic, paraffinic and naphthenic (Including benzene < 0.1%).

4. First-Aid Measures

- Inhalation** : Remove to fresh air. If the victim has difficulty breathing or tightness of the chest, give 100% oxygen with rescue breathing or CPR as required and transport to the nearest medical facility.
- Skin Contact** : Remove contaminated clothing. Immediately flush skin with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes, and follow by washing with soap and water if available.
- Eye Contact** : Immediately flush eyes with large amounts of water for at least 10 minutes while holding eyelids open. Transport to the nearest medical facility for additional treatment.
- Ingestion** : Do not induce vomiting; Do not eat milk and castor oil, transport to nearest medical facility for additional treatment.

5. Fire-Fighting Measures

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Dry chemical powder, Alcohol-resistant foam and Carbon dioxide.
- Specific hazard arising from the chemical** : May produce toxic fumes of carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide if burning.
- Special protective action for fire-fighters** : Keep adjacent containers cool by spraying with water.
- Protective Equipment** : Wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus.

6. Accidental Release Measures

- Protective Measures** :
- Observe all relevant local and international regulations.
 - Avoid contact with spilled or released material. Immediately remove all contaminated clothing. For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see chapter 8 this Material Safety Data Sheet. Shut off leaks, if possible without personal risks. Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.
 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Ensure electrical continuity by bonding and grounding (earthing) all equipment.
- Clean-Up Methods**
- ♦ **Small spillage (< 200 LT)** : Transfer by mechanical means to a labeled, sealable container for product recovery or safe disposal. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove contaminated soil and dispose of safely.
 - ♦ **Large spillage** : Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank

(> 200 LT)

for recovery or safe disposal. Do not flush away residues with water. Retain as contaminated waste. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove contaminated soil and dispose of safely.

Other Information : Notify authorities if any exposure to the general public or the environment occurs or is likely to occur. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.

7. Handling And Storage

- Handling** : Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Do not breathe vapours. Extinguish any naked flame. Remove ignition sources. Avoid sparks. Do not smoke. The vapour is heavier than air spreads along the ground and distant ignition is possible. Ensure electrical continuity by bonding and grounding (earthing) all equipment. Do not use compressed air for filling, discharging, or handling operations. Handle and open container with care in well-ventilated area. Do not empty into drains.
- Storage** : Must be stored in a diked (bonded) well-ventilated area, away from sunlight, ignition sources and other sources of heat. Bulk storage tanks should be diked (bonded). Keep away from aerosols, flammables, oxidizing agents, corrosives. Storage Temperature: Ambient.
- Product Transfer** : Keep containers closed when not in use. Do not use compressed air for filling, discharging, or handling operations. If positive displacement pumps are used, these must be fitted with a non-integral pressure relief valve. Ensure electrical continuity by bonding and grounding (earthing) all equipment.
- Recommended Materials** : For containers, or container linings use mild steel, stainless steel.
- Additional Advice** : Containers even those that have been emptied, can contain explosive vapours. Do not cut, drill, grind, weld or perform similar operations on or near containers.

8. Exposure Controls and Personal Protection

- Exposure Standard** : Occupational Exposure Limits
- TLV-TWA = 350 mg/m³ (8 hours)
- Engineering Controls Workplace** : Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapours below their respective threshold limit value.
- Respiratory Protection** : Vapor respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate.
- Hand Protection** : Butyl rubber gloves, Nature rubber gloves, Neoprene rubber gloves, Nitrile rubber gloves.

Eye Protection	:	Chemical splash goggles (chemical monogoggles).
Other Protection	:	Use protective clothing which is chemical resistant to this material. Safety shoes and boots should also be chemical resistant.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance	:	Clear liquid
Odour	:	Paraffinic sweet
pH Value	:	No data available
Boiling Point (°C)	:	152 - 200 °C
Melting Point (°C)	:	No data available
Flash Point	:	40 °C (Abel)
Evaporating Rate	:	0.16 (n-Butyl Acetate = 1)
Lower/Upper Flammability limits	:	1.1- 6 %V
Vapour Pressure (kPa)	:	400 Pa @ 20 °C, 1500 Pa @ 50 °C
Specific Gravity	:	0.766 - 0786 @ 20 °C (ASTM D4052)
Density (g/cm ³)	:	0.765 - 0.785 @ 20 °C (ASTM D4052)
Vapour Density	:	>1 @ 20 °C (air = 1)
Solubility in Water	:	Insoluble
Auto Ignition Temperature	:	282 °C

10. Stability and Reactivity

Chemical Reactivity	:	Stable under normal conditions.
Stability	:	Stable under normal conditions.
Hazardous Polymerisation	:	No.
Conditions to Avoid	:	Heat, flame, spark and other ignition sources.
Materials to Avoid	:	Strong oxidizing agents.
Hazardous Decomposition Products	:	Thermal decomposition is highly dependent on conditions. Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and other organic compounds will be evolved when this material undergoes combustion or thermal or oxidative degradation. May form explosive peroxides.

11. Toxicological Information

Acute Toxicity	
♦ LD ₅₀ Acute oral toxicity	: >2,000 mg/kg
♦ LD ₅₀ Acute dermal toxicity	: >2,000 mg/kg
♦ LC ₅₀ Acute inhalation toxicity	: >5 mg/l
Skin Irritation	: Irritating to skin. Prolonged/repeated contact may cause defatting of the skin which can lead to dermatitis.
Eye Irritation	: Irritating to eyes.
Respiratory Irritation	: Inhalation of vapours or mists may cause irritation to the respiratory system.
Carcinogenicity	: No data available.

12. Ecological Information

Acute Toxicity	
♦ Fish	: Low toxicity 10 < LC/EC/IC ₅₀ ≤ 100 mg/l
♦ Aquatic Invertebrates	: Low toxicity 10 < LC/EC/IC ₅₀ ≤ 100 mg/l
♦ Algae	: Low toxicity 1 < LC/EC/IC ₅₀ ≤ 10 mg/l
♦ Microorganisms	: Low toxicity 10 < LC/EC/IC ₅₀ ≤ 100 mg/l
Mobility	: Floats on water. If product enters soil, it will highly mobile and may contaminate groundwater.
Persistence / Degradability	: Readily biodegradable.
Bio-accumulation	: Has the potential to bioaccumulate.

13. Disposal Considerations

Material Disposal	: Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classifications and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations.
Container Disposal	: Drain container thoroughly. After draining, vent in a safe place away from sparks and fire. Refer to Section 7 before handling the product or containers. Residues may cause an explosion hazard. Do not puncture, cut or weld uncleaned drums. Send to drum recovered or metal reclaimed.
Local Legislation	: Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations. Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or national requirements and must be complied with.

14. Transport Information

Road/Rail Transport ADR/RID

- ◆ UN. Number : 1300
- ◆ Class/Item : 3/31 (C)
- ◆ Hazard Symbol : Flammable Liquid
- ◆ Proper Shipping Name : Turpentine Substitute
- ◆ Packing Group : III

Maritime Transport IMO

- ◆ UN. Number : 1300
- ◆ Class : 3.3
- ◆ Packing Group : III
- ◆ Hazard Symbol : Flammable Liquid
- ◆ Proper Shipping Name : Turpentine Substitute
- ◆ Marine Pollutant : Yes, Marine Pollutant Marks required

Air Transport IATA/ICAO

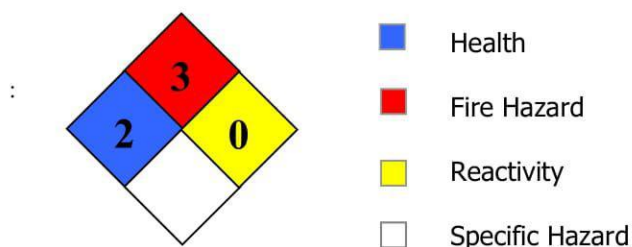
- ◆ UN. Number : 1300
- ◆ Class : 3
- ◆ Packing Group : III
- ◆ Hazard Symbol : Flammable Liquid
- ◆ Proper Shipping Name : Turpentine Substitute

15. Regulatory Information

- EC Label Name : White Spirit
- EC Classification : Flammable, Harmful, Dangerous for the environment
- EINECS (EC) : 265-185-4
- EC Annex I Number : 649-330-00-2
- MITI (Japan) : 9-1699

16. Other Information

National Fire Protection Association (USA)



SDS Distribution

: The information in this document should be made available to all who may handle the product.

Prepared By

: TENRYU (THAILAND) Co., Ltd.

Disclaimer :

The information contained herein is based on our current knowledge of the underlying data and is intended to describe the product for the purpose of health, safety and environmental requirements only. No warranty of guarantee is expressed or implied regarding the accuracy of these data or the results to be obtained from the use of the product.

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